

Psychology



The word “psychology” comes from:

- a. Latin
- b. Spanish
- c. Greek
- d. Italian

Psychology is defined as the scientific study of:

- a. people and things
- b. emotions and beliefs
- c. perception and religion
- d. mind and behaviour

The scientific approach is more useful at answering questions about _____ than questions about _____.

- a. facts, values
- b. ideas, emotions
- c. values, facts
- d. emotions, facts

According to the text, the lower level of explanation corresponds to _____ processes.

- a. social
- b. cultural
- c. biological
- d. interpersonal

A psychologist exploring the impact of a new drug on activity in the brain is working on the _____ level of explanation.

- a. lower
- b. middle
- c. upper
- d. all of the above

A psychologist studying what makes people laugh in different countries around the world is working on the _____ level of explanation.

- a. lower
- b. middle
- c. higher
- d. none of the above

Different people react differently to the same situation. This is referred to as:

- a. multiple determinants
- b. nativism
- c. the Simpson effect

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d. individual differences

_____ is to nature as _____ is to nurture.

- a. environment, genes
- b. conscious, unconscious
- c. inaccuracy, accuracy
- d. biology, experience

The term “tabula rasa” highlights the importance of _____ in shaping behaviour.

- a. genes
- b. experience
- c. nature
- d. predestination

The Greek philosopher _____ believed that knowledge is acquired through experience and learning.<https://www.freshersnow.com/previous-year-question-papers/>

- a. Archimedes
- b. Rousseau
- c. Plato
- d. Aristotle

_____ is to nature as _____ is to nurture.

- a. Plato, Aristotle
- b. Aristotle, Plato
- c. Pliny, Archimedes
- d. Stavros, Pliny

_____ is the belief that the mind is fundamentally different from the body.

- a. mindism
- b. dualism
- c. centralism
- d. specialism

The school of psychology whose goal was to identify the basic elements of experience was called:

- a. experientialism
- b. dualism
- c. functionalism
- d. structuralism

Which of the following was most closely associated with the structuralist school of psychology?

- a. Titchener
- b. James
- c. Descartes

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d. Watson

Darwin's theory of _____ argued that physiological characteristics evolve because they are useful to the organism.

- a. extreme usefulness
- b. natural endowment
- c. natural selection
- d. natural wellbeing

_____ was to structuralism as _____ was to functionalism.

- a. Wundt, Titchener
- b. Wundt, James
- c. James, Titchener
- d. Milner, Thompson

Freud championed _____ psychology.

- a. psychodynamic
- b. cultural
- c. conscious
- d. biodynamic

Which school of psychology believes that it is impossible to objectively study the mind?

- a. functionalism
- b. behaviorism
- c. humanism
- d. socialism

Receiving an electric shock would be an example of a _____ whereas being frightened would be an example of a _____.

- a. stimulus, response
- b. punishment, reward
- c. reaction, emotion
- d. reinforcement, stimulus

Dr Pula wants to explore differences in child-rearing practices between British and Chinese parents. She is most likely a:

- a. cognitive psychologist
- b. physiological psychologist
- c. cognitive-ergonomic psychologist
- d. social-cultural psychologist

Nature is to _____ as nurture is to _____.

- a. environment/genes
- b. conscious/unconscious

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- c. genes/environment
- d. unconscious/conscious

Freud emphasized the role of _____ in shaping people's personality.

- a. free will
- b. unconscious desires
- c. hormones
- d. group influence

Evolutionary psychology has its roots in:

- a. behaviourism
- b. collectivism
- c. functionalism
- d. structuralism

Most human behaviour:

- a. can be easily explained
- b. has multiple causes
- c. stems from unconscious desires
- d. depends on social influence

A forensic psychologist would be most likely to study:

- a. the accuracy of eyewitness memory
- b. the impact of advertising on shopping behaviour
- c. the effect of hormones on decision making
- d. gender differences in learning styles

The behaviourists rejected introspection because:

- a. it was too slow
- b. it invaded people's privacy
- c. it yielded too much data
- d. it was too subjective

Another term for reinforcement is:

- a. stimulus
- b. reward
- c. response
- d. condition

East Asian cultures tend to be more oriented toward _____ while Western cultures tend to be more oriented toward _____.

- a. individualism/collectivism
- b. collectivism/individualism
- c. cultural norms/social norms
- d. social norms/cultural norms

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Watson and Skinner both contributed to which school of psychology?

- a. functionalism
- b. cognitive
- c. social-cultural
- d. behaviourism

Which field of psychology would be most likely to study the influence of over-crowding on conformity?

- a. personality
- b. cognitive
- c. clinical
- d. social